Its financial obligations by the bankrupt kingdom is inevitable. The two Emperors have dragged the European Powers behind them in a campaign of diplomacy almost as farcical as the burlesque military campaign of the Greeks, and in the end the Sultan alone is master of the revels. Meanwhile, France is irritated by evidence that the value of her own allegiance with Russia has greatly diminished, and England is completely isolated and powerless in a momentous crisis.

Public opinion in two European countries will be preoccupied with domestic politics and jubilee rejoicings during the diplomatic negotiations in the East. The Law of Association Amendment bill introduced in the Prussian Chamber yesterday empowers the police to take measures which may imperil every independent political movement and paralyze free speech. The text of the measure shows that the Emperor is controlled by Junker advisers and has recklessly challenged what is regarded as the German birthright, liberty of assembly. The bill has caused great excitement and indignation in Berlin and other Socialist centres, and little else will be talked about by Germans until it is amended or de-

In England politics are at the lowest possible The Employers' Liability bill, which is based on the German system of insurance against accidents, has received the support of the tradesunions, and the Liberals will hardly venture to oppose it. The debates are so dull and listless that the House is electrified when Mr. Chamberlain springs to the rescue of the Foreign Prison-Made Goods bill and attempts to convict Mr. James Bryce and other Liberal leaders of carry. ing water on both shoulders. Even South Africa has ceased to interest politicians, although the close of the inquiry is still a long way off.

The remarkable rise of Rand shares after a long-continued decline is the plainest possible proof that the political flurry has ended with the repeal of the Alien Immigration act. The Kaffir speculators have taken heart, and the bears, so long in control of the market, have suddenly been caught and well squeezed.

There is really only one subject now before the English public, and it is neither political nor controversial; it is the approach of the Jubiles celebration. The press is filled with details of official arrangements and preparations for the patrictic festival. Grand stands and temporary balconies are now under construction in the palace yard at Whitehall, in Piccadilly, and all along the route, although the parade will not occur for five weeks. The National Gallery has an ugly timber front, and St. Paul's is flanked with hideous platforms. Rumors of carpenters' strikes and a corner in lumber have induced the vestries and private speculators to disfigure the streets a long time in advance of Jubilee week. The conversation in clubs and West End houses turns upon the single pivot of the Jubilee celebration, with the prices paid for windows and open-air seats, schemes of decorating street fronts and illuminating buildings, court balls and great parties, the rise in provisions, the scarcity of servants, especially butlers, and the probable list of honors and decorations. If polles are dull, and Mr. Arthur Balfour more indolent than ever, it is Jubilee Year, and the Queen commands the undivided attention of her subjects. If European diplomacy be discredited, and six Powers are following meekly behind the Sultan's triumphal car, it is the Queen's year, and there must be no discordant note of war in the Te Dau'n in front of St. Paul's.

Another excellent town show for Jubilee Year has been opened in Grafton Galleries. is an exhibition of dramatic and musical art, comprising paintings, miniatures, engravings, prints, playbills and relics. Sir Henry Irving is the chief organizer of this interesting collection.

Maurice Grau's opera season at Covent Garden opened under disadvantageous conditions, many singers being hoarse owing to the inclement weather. The performances have steadily improved during the week, but both audiences and critics are captious and censorlous, and find it difficult to admit that Sir Augustus Harris can have a successor in London. The new tenor from Paris. Dupeyron, was well received last night.

John Hare had a royal welcome to-night at the Court Theatre in "A Hobby Horse," and William Gillette's "Secret Service" was performed for the first time at the Adelphi Theatre by his American company. The attempt to present on the London stage a story of the American Civil War failed in the case of "Alabama" a year ago, but to-night's venture has begun more hopefully. Indeed, its success was unmistakable in all respects. The play interested a critical audience, suspicious of American wares, and was received with genuine enthusiasm. Mr. Gillette made a graceful speech, which was greeted with cheers, The American Ambassador was present. I. N. F.

O'CONNELL'S MEMORY HONORED.

THE ANNIVERSARY OF HIS DEATH OBSERVED AT THE IRISH COLLEGE IN ROME.

Rome. May 15 .- The anniversary of the death of Daniel O'Connell, who died on May 15, 1847, at Genoa, was observed to-day by a requiem mass Genoa, was observed to-day by a requiem mass celebrated at the Irish College. A draped cata-faigue, bearing the arms of O'Connell and Ireland and the erect figure of an angel with a scroll inscribed "Emancipation," were placed near the altar. Cardinals Yaughan and Satolli, several Irish and English Eishops and the pupils of the English-speaking colleges in Rome, were present. Eishop Keane, formerly rector of the Catholic University in Washington and now Bishop Assistant at the Pontifical Throne, delivered the funeral oration.

FRANCE HAS TROUBLE WITH MOROCCO.

TROOPS MASSED ON THE FRONTIER TO REPEL RAIDS INTO ALGERIA-FIGHTING REPORTED.

Paris, May 15 -There are indications of the possibility of serious trouble between France and Morocco, owing to the incursions of Moorish tribes-Morocco, owing to the incursions of Moorish tribesmen into Algerian territory. These Moors, it appears, recently revolted against the authority of
the Governor of Cudida, a town near the French
frontier, and on Tuesday the insurgents attempted
to seize an Algerian village.

The latest news from the scene of the disturbance
is that a column of French cavalry is being massed
on the frontier of Morocco and two companies of
zouaves and a number of tirallieurs, with several
field pieces, have been ordered to hold themselves
in readiness to leave Oran, the port of Algeria nearest to Morocco.

est to Morocco.

A rumor is also in circulation to the effect that a squadron of Spahis, Arabian cavalry in the French service, has been surprised by the Moors near Maginia, who fired several volleys at the Spahis, killing or wounding thirty of them. The commander of the Spahis was wounded.

A LITTLE DIFFICULTY WITH PERU.

LIMA AND CALLAO PAPERS DEMAND THAT

CLARK'S EXEQUATUR BE CANCELLED. Lima, Peru, via Galveston, Tex., May 15.-The

Government of the United States has a little unpleasantness to attend to in this part of the world. Emelio Clark, the United States consular agent at name, has published a statement in the newspapers saying that his office has been sacked, and that important documents, money and other valuables have been stolen. The prefect of police denied this, and said that the only seizure made was that of the furniture.

The newspapers

furniture.

The newspapers of Lima and Callao now demand that the Peruvian Government cancel the exequatur of Mr. Clark.

Spring



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LEADING TOPICS OF BERLIN.

THE EMPEROR'S VISIT NEAR METZ.-During his solourn at the Château Urville, near Metz, this week, Emperor William was present at a big sham fight in the district of Gravelotte and Moulins. Several divisions were engaged. During the opera-tions snow fell fast, but the Emperor, the Empress and Prince Adalbert, the third son of their majesties, watched the military movements throughout on horseback without wraps. The Emperor also inspected the sites in the vicinity of Metz where a number of new advanced forts will be built. He insisted in one instance on a change of location. His Majesty, on his way to Wiesbaden, paid a short visit to Strasburg to-day. The church bells were pealed and salves of artitlery were fired. He was received at the railroad station by Prince Hohenlohe-Langenburg, Governor of Alsace-Lorraine, who was accompanied by the Princess. The Emperor and the Empress were heartily cheered by the people, and were escorted to the Governor's palace by a detachment of mounted rifles, the Emperor driving with Prince Hohenlohe-Langenburg and the Empress occupying the same carriage as Princess Hohenlohe-Langenburg. After lunchcon their majestics proceeded to Wiesbaden. spected the sites in the vicinity of Metz where a

WAR SECRETS SOLD TO THE FRENCH .- A high treason trial in the Imperial Court at Leipsic this week brought out a number of sensational details. Depot Master Meinecke, of the artillery of Metz, was shown to have been for years past in close connection with French spies, and especially with the French Police Commissioner Ismert and a with the French Police Commissioner Ismert and a coal dealer named Hanne, of Montigny, to whom Meinecke sold all sorts of valuable material, such as types of new shells, fuses, bullets used with the new rifle, and lists of the plans for equipment and mebilization. Meinecks made enough money by this means to retire recently from the army and live on the proceeds of his rascality. He was sentenced to six years and three months at hard labor, with loss of civic honors for ten years. Two of the witnesses against Meinecke were high officers of the Ministry of War, who obtained proofs of his guilt through a Paris correspondent.

COLOGNE'S MEMORIAL OF WILLIAM I.-It is now definitely settled that the Emperor will attend the unveiling of the monument to his grandfather at Cologne on June IS as the guest of that city. Great fêtes have been planned for the occasion, and His Majesty will utilize it to deliver an im-portant speech.

BISMARCK LOSING FLESH.-Prince Bismarck lost twenty pounds in weight during his last illness, and Dr. Schweninger, his physician, has or-dered him to take the waters at Gastein this sum-

AGITATION FOR A BIGGER NAVY .- Both the bills proposed by the Imperial Chancellor, Prince Hohenlohe, one reforming the right of association and the other reforming the military trials procedure, are understood to have secured imperial approval, and the Cabinet crisis is considered to have been adjusted for the time. The Reichstag and Diet, however, will hardly pass these measures this session, being tired out and anxious to adjourn at the end of the coming week. Besides, in the Diet the bills will lead to violent opposition owing to the agreement reached between the Emperor and the officers of the German Colonial Soclety, by which Duke Albrecht of Mecklenburg, the president of that organization, at the annual meeting on June 12, at Munich, will pass a resomeeting on June 12, at Munich, will pass a reso-lution te launch a thorough agitation throughout Germany in favor of enlarging the German Navy, the aim being to equal in strength the navy of Russia and to have a navy two-thirds the size of that of France. Mass-meetings for this purpose will be organized everywhere. The press will be utilized, and it will be further proposed to make the naval appropriations of the Reichstag quin-quennial, like those of the army. Several politi-cal meetings on the subject have already been held, one of them being at Ruedesheim, at which the above programme was adopted.

AMERICAN PRODUCTS ATTACKED -Count von Frankenberg has made a violent attack on American eleomargarine and its makers in the Upper House of the Prussian Diet, declaring "the stuff is poison and unfit for human food." The Federation of Manufacturers has sent a sharp protest to the Prussian Minister of Commerce, Herr Brefeld, warning him against sending objects to the Philadelphia Museum. They argue that, in view of the Dingley bill, Americans merely wish to imitate German models.

AMERICAN ARTISTS IN THE VAN .- At the international arts exposition at Dresden the American painters by universal consent lead all others. Messrs. Melchers, Hitchcock, Bridgeman and Weeks are specially strong.

THE TIDE OF EMIGRATION.-The steerage rates from Stettin to New-York have been raised to 139 marks. The stream of emigrants passing through the station at Ruhleben, near Spandau, averages 700 daily. There are fewer Russian Hebrews than formerly. The emigrants are mostly peasants from Ruthenia and Galicia, destined chiefly for Canada.

SUICIDE OF AN AMERICAN GIRL-Miss Edith Danquart, an American governess, committed sufcide at Wiesbaden on Wednesday by shooting her-

PERSONAL NOTES .- F. W. Kickbusch, the United States Consul at Stettin, was married on Tuesday to Miss Katharine Hagen, a grandchild of the famous German tenor. The United States Ambassador, Edwin F. Uhl; the Secretary of the United bassador, Edwin F. Car, the Secretary of the United States Embassy, John B. Jackson, and Mrs. Jack-gon dined with the Imperial Chancellor on Wednes-day. Mrs. Uni has gone to Paris. Herbert G. Squires, Second Secretary of the United States Em-bassy here, is seriously ill. Baron von Stumm-Hal-berg, the former intimate friend of Emperor Wil-iam, has publicly announced that he will not be a candidate for re-election to the Reichstag next year.

A GIFT VIEWED WITH SUSPICION.-While Emperor William's telegram to President Faure expressing sympathy with the families of the victims of the fire made an excellent impression, he made a false step in contributing 19,665 francs to the relief fund, as his so-called patronage is greatly resented and has elicited anti-German articles from a large section of the French press, which is suspicious of the motive of the gift. The "Matin" Must be a pure.

Must be a pure.

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Sarsaparilla is the ideal Spring Medicine. It is made well and it makes well. Get only

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The One True Blood Purifier. Sold by druggists. THE JUBILEE PROGRAMME.

THE QUEEN WILL VISIT SCOTLAND BEFORE THE FESTIVAL IN LONDON.

London, May 15.-The Queen will leave Windson Castle on Friday, May 2, for Sheffield. Thence she will journey to Scotland, arriving at Balmoral on May 22. The Court will remain at Balmora! unit June 16, returning to Windsor in time for the Jubilee celebration

The few days which the Queen passed in town gave a great impetus to the season. The crowds which assembled whenever Her Majesty drove out exceeded all records in points of numbers.

The Queen seems remarkably well, and takes the greatest interest in the preparations being made to celebrate her Diamond Jubilee. Her outings were not confined to drives in the park, but in an open landau, with postilions and an equerry on either side of her carriage, she drove down the Thames Embankment almost to the City and through Trafalgar Square, the Haymarket and other streets not often frequented by the sovereign. During her drives the Queen work dark spectacles.

The Drawing Room on Tuesday last at Buckingham Palace was the most largely attended and the most brilliant which the Queen has held since 1887. Contrary to her custom for years past, Queen Vic toria not only received the members of the Diplomatic Corps, but remained for over an hour re-ceiving the general crowd. All the Americans pre-sented, much to their delight, were personally re-ceived by the Queen, and Her Majesty was especially gracious to Mrs. Hay, wife of the United States Ambassador, Colonel John Hay, and to Miss

The festivities mapped out for the Jubilea hav now received the Queen's sanction. They will begin on June 20, the date of Her Majesty's accession to the throne sixty years ago, with a religious service

the throne sixty years ago, with a religious service at Frogmore, Windsor, the site of the mausoleum erected to the memory of the Prince Consort and the Queen's mother, the Duchess of Kent. The Queen and the royal family will be present.

On the Monday following, June 21, the Court will move in semi-state to London, and that evening there will be a banquet at Buckingham palace in honor of the royal guests. It will be followed by a reception for the members of the Diplomatic Corps and the special envoys.

On Tuesday, June 22, the royal procession through the streets of London will be the great feature of the day, and it will be followed by illuminations at night.

the day, and it will be followed by illuminations at night.

On Wednesday, June 23, there will be a garden party at Buckingham Palace, to which thousands have been invited.

The Court on Thursday, June 24, will move in semi-state to Windsor. Troops will line the route to Paddington Station. Her Majesty will leave the train at Slough, and will drive with an escort of the Life Guards, by way of Eton, to Windsor, taking this route in order to enable the boys of the Eton public school to receive Her Majesty.

On Friday there will be another royal banquet, this time at Windsor Castle, and on Saturday the naval review will take place at Spithead, which the Queen will not attend, much to the regret of the Navy, especially as Her Majesty will attend the Duke of Connaught's review of the troops at Aldershot on June 25. Aldershot on June 22.

In connection with the Jubilee all the Queen's servants are to be provided with new and costly

MAY MOB THE SULTAN'S SON. HIS PRESENCE IN THE JUBILEE PROCESSION LIKELY TO CAUSE TROUBLE.

London, May 15 .- The Sultan intends to send his son, Mohemmed-Selim Effendi, to represent him at the Queen's Jubilee. If the Sultan carries out his intention it is more than likely that there will be some exciting scenes during the procession through the streets of London. The Liberal papers are furfous at the suggestion, and "The Daily Chronicie" protests against the "desecration of the Queen's peaceful festival by the presence of the representative of murder."

TO EMULATE THE COLUMBIA.

BRITISH CRUISER POWERFUL TO MAKE A TEST RUN TO THIS PORT AND RETURN.

London, May 15 .- It is reported that the British ruiser Powerful, said to be the largest cruiser in the world, will shortly be sent on a full-power run to New-York and back, in emulation of the run of the United States cruiser Columbia. The Powerfu is a first-class cruiser, of 14,200 tons and 25,000 indi cated horse-power. She is 500 feet long, has 71 feet beam and draws 27 feet. She was launched in 1805 at Barrow, and is credited with a speed of 22 knots. Her nominal coal supply is 3,000 tons, she carries a crew of \$40 men, and her armament is composed of two 92-inch guns, twelve 6-inch quickfiring guns, sixteen 12-pounders, twelve 3-pounders and some smaller guns. She has four torpedo tubes and a protective deck of from three to six inches in thickness. The Columbia is credited with a speed of over 22 knots. The Powerful is a sister ship of the Terrible. Her machinery weighs 2,250 tons, she has forty-eight boilers, and there are nearly one hundred auxiliary engines on board of her. She can discharge nearly 11,000 pounds, or eight tons, of metal in a minute. at Barrow, and is credited with a speed of 22

NOT WILLING TO ABANDON ERTTHREA

RUDINI SAYS HIS MINISTRY WILL RESIGN IF THEIR AFRICAN POLICY IS DEFEATED.

Rome, May 15 .- In the Chamber of Deputies today Premier Rudini declared that the Government's programme in Africa was to negotiate with Great Britain for a retrocession of Kassala to Egypt. The Ministers did not propose, he added, to sur-render other territory. Massowah alone would render other territory. be occupied by the Italian troops. The rest of Erythrea would be organized under native rulers

Premier Rudini asserted that the proposal to abandon Massowah, the possession of which gave Italy great influence in the regions of the Red Sea, might lead to the most serious international complications, since the period in which the Govern ment programme in Africa could be carried out was

The Government demanded a credit of 19,000,000 lire for 1897-'88. The Government, according to Premier Rudini, was prepared to obey the dictates of the Chamber of Deputies, but it was not disposed to follow a policy differing from that already mentioned. The Cabinet would not remain in office if the Chamber of Deputies expressed a contrary opinion.

in effice if the Chamber of Deputies expressed a contrary opinion.

A scene of great excitement in the Chamber of Deputies followed the statements of the Premier. Signor Demarinis, on behalf of the Socialists, and Signor Imbriant, on behalf of the Radicals, offered resolutions looking to the abandonment of Erythren. Signor Pozzi and others of the Right proposed the withdrawal of the Italian troops from Africa. These motions will be discussed Monday.

BIG FIRE IN A RUSSIAN TOWN. St. Petersburg, May 15.—Seventy houses, two part of Dorogobush, in the Province of Smolensk,

WHAT LONDON TALKS ABOUT.

IRISH PROPOSAL DENOUNCED.-There is a chorus of denunciation from the Liberal and Nationalist press at the announcement, made yesterday evening by the Chief Secretary for Ireland. Gerald Balfour, that a Royal Commission will be appointed to inquire into the working of the Irish appointed to inquire into the working of the Irish Land Commission. The members of the Opposition accuse the Government of making an attempt to intimidate the sub-Commissioners against reducing rents, and declare the new Commission is appointed solely in the landierds' interest, and that it will be expected to recommend relief for the landlords. This sop, it is explained, is given the landlords owing to the Government being alarmed at their joining the Nationalists on the question of the financial relations between Great Britain and Ireland.

MINISTER TOWER IN LONDON.-Charlemagne Tower, the new United States Minister to Austria-Hungary, visited the American Embassy here to-

AMERICANS TO BE PRESENTED.-The United States Ambassador, Colonel John Hay, will present his secretary, Spencer Eddy, of Chicago, in the diplomatic circle at the levee which the Prince of Wales will hold in behalf of the Queen at St. James's Palace on Tuesday next. In the general circle Colonel Hay will present Leslie Cotton, J. L. Taylor and George Porter, all of New-York; George Gilpin, of Philadelphia, and the staff of the United

AN ARMY INQUIRY .- A majority of the news papers, led by "The Times," are favorable to Lord Dunraven's motion, made in the House of Lords yesterday evening, asking for an inquiry into the stories of contagious diseases among the soldiers of the British army in India and the effect upon the population of India. His Lordship adduced a powerful argument, quoting figures from the report made this year by the committee. Lord Roberts, of Candahar, who was commander-in-chief of the Candahar, who was commander-in-chief of the army in India from 1885 to 1893, and who is now commander of the forces in Ireland, strongly urged that immediate steps be taken in the matter, pointing out that in the Chitral Expedition 13 per cent of the goldiers were on the sick list from that cause.

The Archbishop of Canterbury (who has a seat in the House of Lords), while urging attention to the moral side of the question, admitted the necessity for an inquiry.

the moral side of the question, admitted the necessity for an inquiry.

The Earl of Onslow, Parliamentary Secretary for the India Office, asked Lord Dunraven, who is also a Conservative, not to press the motion, as the Government thought the new measures which would be immediately taken, based upon a draught of the Cantonment Regulations from the Viceroy of India, the Earl of Eigin, would most likely attain the object desired. The debate will be resumed on Monday.

AMERICAN COMPETITION HURTS.-At the anual meeting of the Iron and Steel Institute this week American competition was one of the chief points of discussion. President Pritchard Martin spoke of the enormous output of the lead-Martia spoke of the enormous output of the leading American steel works, and pointed out that the Americans were outdistancing the British in the uses of steel. He instanced the steel buildings being erected in nearly all the large cities of the United States, and urged lower freight rates, saying that the present cost of transportation was severely handicapping British industry, as the rates, not only in America, but in Belgium and Germany, were greatly below the English rates.

COWARDLY FRENCHMEN.-The inquiry into he fire at the Charity Bazaar, Paris, on May 4 last, has been followed with the keenest interest in aristocratic circles at the French capital. This has been especially the case with the evidence throwing light upon the cowardly conduct of many of the men. The examining judge, M. Bertulus, minutely investigated the circumstances, and it is esserted that the names of several men guilty brutal cowardice are known, and that they never again be admitted into Paris society. Mme. Raffaell, who distinguished herself by making several heroic attempts to rescue her daughter, who subsequently escaped, says it is quite true that several young men, three or four of whom are known, behaved miserably. Mme. Raffaell is the wife of M. Jean Raffaell, the painter. A friend of Dr. Feurard, who died while rescuing a woman from the flames, declares that three of his female friends were struck by men. One woman, who is dying, was standing and holding a ladder which had been let down from the offices of "La Croix," a newspaper, when a man, in order to make her release her hold, struck her hand with his walking-stick, breaking all of her fingers. Another account, however, says she was paralyzed with terror and was blocking the exit. M. Achille Foule, a banker, says that two men, whose manes are known, parsed his wife, and one of them struck her in the face. A member of the Ladies' Committee asserts that a goutleman who is being held up by the newspapers to public admiration was seen slashing right and left with a stick at women who were standing in his way. The "Temps," in an article on "Masculine Schishness," comments upon these statements and on what it describes as "stupid and shameful conduct" of the students of the Fine Arts School, who made a disorderly manifestation on Friday evening against the decision of the Government to admit women to certain classes. The police had to protect the girls.

One sequence of the Paris fire is the closing of numbers of small theatres and cafe-chantants. The Palais de Giace is also closed. A majority of the Paris theatres are really firetraps, and need structural changes. Even the stails of the Opera House are not safe, owing to egress from them being obstructed by additional seats. The "Figaro" Relief Pind reached the sum of 1178.182 francs today, and the "Rappell's" reached 357.925 francs. never again be admitted into Paris society. Mme. who distinguished herself by making

MR. LEHMAN'S GIFT.-On Wednesday the Prince of Wales visited Oxford, where he opened the new municipal buildings and also four rooms given to the Sarah Acland Home by Rudolph Lehman in memory of his friend, the famous oarsmae, H. B. Cotton, of Magdalen College. The friendship between Mr. Lehman, who is now coaching the Harvard College crew in America, and Mr. Cotton, who prompted the gift, was strong. Cotton, who was the son of an English Judge, was one of the best-known amateur oarsmen in England during his college days, having rowed in four winning Oxford crews, and on two occasions having been a member of the winning Leander crew at Henley, Later, when Cotton was seized with pneumonia and consumption, which resulted in death, he was attended by Mr. Lehman. During his filness Cotton was confined in the Sarah Acland Home, hence the memorial in his honor now forms a wing of that institution. The visit of the Prince of Wales to Oxford resulted in a tumult among the students. There were numerous fights between Town and Gown, and many of both parties were arrested and fined. o the Sarah Acland Home by Rudolph Lehman

DUKE OF MARLBOROUGH HONORED.-The Duke of Marlhorough has been elected Chancellor of the Primrose League.

YACHTING NOTES .- Yachting prospects are dull. Neither the Ailsa nor the Britannia will sail n the earlier regattas, where Emperor William's Meteor will be the sole representative of the big boats. Ogden Goelet's new steam yacht Mayflower has just completed an extensive series of trials on the Clyde, and is being fitted out luxuriously. She will be ready for sea in a few weeks. The Clyde-bank Company is now building a sister vessel for Robert Goelet.

A PRINCELY CRICKETER.-The sensation of the week in sporting circles has been the wonderful cricket played by the Indian Prince Ranjitsinhil at Lords on Thursday, when he made 250 runs against some of the best bowlers in England. He was at the wisket for four hours and twenty minutes.

PRAISING THE PRINCE.-The Prince of Wales has been busy during the week. His visit to Mr. Gladstone, at Hawarden, with the Princess of Wales and Princess Victoria, on Monday has attracted much approving comment. "The Daily News' remarks: "It is but one more sign of the generous

TO THE RESCUE.



water and saves a drowning child, every one has a word of praise for the noble animal. There is a graver danger than that of drowning that menaces childhood. It is a danger from which every prospective mother may save her babe if she will only take the right care of the health of the delicate organs that bear the burdens of maternity, during the period angusing motherhood.

The threatening danger is that baby will be weak, puny and sickly, and come into the world with the seeds of disease and death already implanted in its

aceds of disease and death already implanted in its little body. Health cannot be born of ill-health. The child bern of a mother who is suffering from weakness and disease of the feminine organs is con-demned upon the very threshold of life to suffering. disease and death. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescrip-tion fits a woman for motherhood and insures a lecalthy baby. Thousands of women who were either childless or whose children had all died in babyhood. childless or whose children had all then in baryhood, bless the "Favorite Prescription" for the fact that they are now the happy mothers of healthy children. The medicine dealer who says he has something else "just as good" knows that he falsifies.

else "Just as good" knows that he laisines.

Mrs. Jno. H. Jones, of Peely, Luzerne Co., Pa., writes: "I
was induced to buy two bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription to see if the medicine would make the coming of
my haby more easy. I had seven children before and all
died during birth oe'shortly affer. I am happy to say that
my eighth child (born Sunday, October 27th, 1894) is living,
and I suffered none at all, compared with what I had with
the others." The names, addresses and photographs of hundreds

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sense of the duties of their position which has en-deared the royal pair to all classes."

TESTING AN AMERICAN INVENTION .- On Tuesday the Prince of Wales came to London and, with the United States Ambassador, Colonel John Hay, was present at the test of an American Invention, uninflammable wood, which is said to have been adopted by the United States Navy.

THE BOOKSELLERS' DINNER -Among the prominent guests at the annual Booksellers' din which was held last Saturday evening, were Lord Roberts, Archdeacon Shelair, Anthony Hope and Sir Henry Cunningham. W. E. H. Lecky presided.

FIFTY-EIGHT PERSONS KILLED.

RESULT OF THE ACCIDENT TO THE RUSSIAN MILITARY TRAIN.

St. Petersburg, May 15.-It is officially announced that fifty-eight persons were killed in the accident to the military train wrecked Thursday evening between Rockenhof and Eliva, on the Valkt-Jurjev

CRUSADE AGAINST AMERICAN OIL.

AN OUTCRY IN LONDON ALLEGED TO EMANATE FROM SCOTCH COMPANIES. London, May 15 .- "The Star" is flooding London with startling placards announcing coming articles on the "Standard Oil Trust," and says: "The Paris

on the "Standard Oil Trust," and says: "The Paris horrors are surpassed. Men, women and children here are reasted alive in order to put money into the pockets of the American trust. Rockefeller has obtained absolute control of the oil trade of Great Britain by foreing retailers to sell the refuse oils prohibited in America, and is responsible for the terrible series of lamp explosions."

"The Star" urges the Government to legislate in the matter.

Concerning the cable dispatches telling of "The Star's" crusade against the oil sold in Great Britain by the Standard Oil Company, a representative of the company said:

"This attack, I should judge, was started by the Scotch companies, which obtain their oil from the Scotch companies, which obtain their oil from the shale beds and are unable to produce it cheaply enough to compete with the Standard's oil. A year ago Parliamentary action was sought to shut out American oil, but it failed. The oil sent by the Standard Company to Great Britain is a first-class oil. It would be useless to attempt to sell any other kind. To do so would be to destroy the market for the Standard's oil. The Standard's oil is better than the Scotch oil. It is, in fact, the best oil in the world. The Standard has built up its trade by selling the best oil at the lowest possible price."

ORIGIN OF THE PARIS FIRE DISCOVERED.

A WORKMAN CONFESSES THAT HE CAUSED IT ACCIDENTALLY.

Paris, May 15.-The real origin of the fire on May 4 at the Charity Bazasr, in the Rue Jean Goujon, seems to have been established. A man named Bellac, an employe of the cinematograph booth of Beliac, an employe of the chematograph booth of the fair, confessed yesterday evening to having accidentally caused the conflagration. Beliae explained that, finding the chematograph lamp burning badly, he tried to fill it with ether. In order to do so he struck a match to enable him to see more clearly, when the vapors ignited and instantly spread to the hangings around the apparatus.

Beliae and his assistant have been set at liberty provisionally. The inquiry into the cause of the disaster is now closed.

FUNERAL OF THE DUCHESSE D'ALENCON. Dreux, France, May 15 .- The body of the Duchesse Dreux, France, May la.—The body of the Duchesse d'Alençon, one of the victims of the Paris Charity Bazaar fire, arrived here to-day, accompanied by 250 relatives and friends, including the Duchesse d'Orleans, the Comtesse de Paris and other members of the House of Orleans. The Austrian, Spanish and British Ambassadors also accompanied the body. The body was met at the railroad station by the clergy and municipal authorities, who escorted the coffin to the magnificently decorated Chapel Royal. There a requiem mass was celebrated, after which the body was placed in the crypt, where only the French princes are laid.

AN INDIAN WAR IN CALIFORNIA.

FIGHTING REPORTED AMONG PIUTE FACTIONS IN THE FOOTHILLS,

Callente, Cal., May 15.-News has just reached here that Piute Indians are at war with one another near William Shipsey's ranch, which is in the other near William Shipsey's ranch, which is in the foothills of Plute Mountain. One Indian is reported killed, and it is not known how many more are dead.

There are two small Indian villages in the Plute range of mountains, and the Indians are divided into two factions. Two chiefs have been rulers, and it is said that one tribe for several years past has sought to kill the other. The more intelligent chiefs are said to be dead. The fleeling squaws and children of one tribe reported the difficulty to Shipsey, who fears that the weaker of the tribes will be annihilated before a force of militia can be sent to subdue the outbreak.

LICENSED TO MARRY IN LONDON.

WILLIAM T. RYLE AND MISS KATHARINE HOLS. MAN GOULD WILL WED ABROAD.

Paterson, N. J., May 15 (Special).-William T. Ryle and Miss Katharine Holsman Gould, to whom a London dispatch says a license to marry has been a London dispatch says a iteense to marry has been issued in London, have been lifelong acquaintances, having attended school together in childhood. Both are of prominent families of this city. Mr. Ryle is the oldest son of the late William Ryle and grandson of the late Charles Danforth, founder of the Danforth & Cooke locemotive works. William Ryle was founder of the William Ryle & Co. silk establishment, now at No. 34 Howard-st., New-York, of which W. T. Ryle is president. Mr. Ryle is also president of the Edison Electric Company, of Paterson. As president of the William Ryle Company he controls several large silk plants in New-York, New-Jersey and Pennsylvania. He is a resident of Paterson, and his Broadway home is one of the finest in this city. His wife died about a year ago. of the linest in this city. His wife died about a year ago.

Miss Katharine Hoisman Gould is a daughter of the late John M. Gould, a wealthy Paterson havyer, granddaughter of the late Governor Dickerson of New-Jersey, and niece of Philmore Dickerson, who practised law in New-York after leaving Paterson. Miss Gould is a native of Paterson, but has lived in New-York for some time. Her mother, brother and sister live in Broadway, this city.

How to Clothe the Children.



Special Things For the comfort, health and good appearance

Of the Children: Not usually to be found elsewhere, such

> Shoes to prevent "Toeing in," Rubber Boots with spring heels, Ear Caps to correct the disfiguration of protruding ears,

Hamper Baskets with trays, for Baby Sweaters in dainty colors, Weighing Baskets with scales to weigh the baby, Ironing Boards for babies' clothes,

Baby Bath Tubs and Tollet Sets,

Safety Straps for baby carriages, Creeping Aprons. Model Feeding Bibs, Wading Drawers, etc., etc.

And by far the largest assortment of all

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125 Envelopes to match....

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Breatsno's Amsterdam Bond (new) in Billet, Octavo and Victoria s zo. The best value in a fashionable paper.

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SHIRT WAISTS.

D. & J. Anderson's Gingham and Zephyrine Waists. Dotted Pique Waists, French Percale Waists. including an assortment of patterns

particularly adapted for mourning west. LAWN DRESSING SACQUES. Dimity Wrappers,

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Offering only Quaint and Unusual Things, MESSES, JOSEPH P. McHUGH & CO. cordially invite early inspection of their
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THE NEW ENGLISH AND FRENCH WALL PAPERS IN NOVEL DESIGNS AND ATTRACT-IVE COLORINGS.

THE NEW BOMBAY PIAZZA MATS, THE COLONIAL RUGS, AND THE DRURRIE SQUARES. The New Chairs and Tables in odd and original concetts of Malacca Cane, Madeira Wicker, English Forest Green Ash, Dutch Oak, and California Toa Wood.

THE RUSSIAN SILVER AND FLEMISH BRASS CANDLESTICKS AND COFFERS THE "DELLA BOB-BIA" FOTTERY. THE CHINESE JARS, THE DELFT PLATES AND THE "LIBERTY" MUGS AND JUGS. To All the personal collection of Mr. NeHugh.



Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MIL-LIONS of MOTHERS FOR THEIR CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING with perfect SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS THE GUMS, ALLAYS ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the BEST REMEDY FOR DIARRHOEA. Sold by druggists in every part of the world.

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